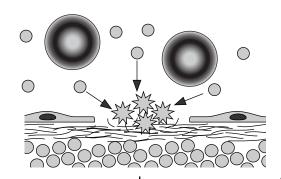
Hemostasis

Platelet Plug - Exposed collagen due to endothelia damage allows for plalet adhesion, enlargment, and aggregation. Platelets soon release seratonin and clotting factors.



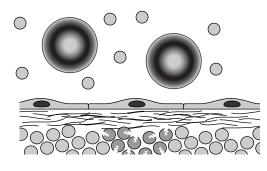
Platelet released clotting factors initiate a complex cascade of reactions culminating in Factor X activation and the therefore the "common pathway"

Intrinsic Pathway

Synergist operation of both pathways results in both a quick and prolonged response that will efficiently stop blood flow in almost all cases.

Platelet—O
Erythrocyte—

Collagen—
Interstitium—



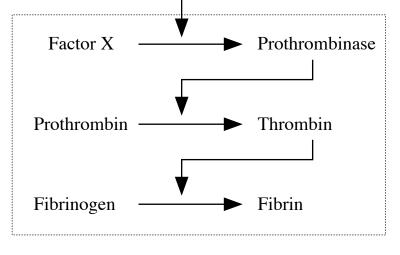
Extrinsic

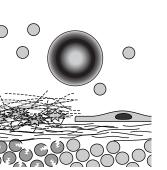
Pathway

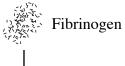
Damaged tissues release"tissue factor", which bypasses several reactions of the Intrinsic pathway prompting quick activation of the common pathway.

Common Pathway

leads to polymerization of Fibronogen into fibrin fibers. These fibrin fibers will be corss linked to for a secure adhesive mesh that can effectively stop bleeding.







Fibrin